²
$$2b\frac{c}{2}\cos A$$
:

By eliminating $\cos A$ we arrive at the desired result.

(b) The medians of the triangle will divide it into 3 smaller triangles whose sides are, for example, $\frac{2}{3}h$, $\frac{2}{3}k$ and a

2

Finding the next, 10!, we simply multiply by the prime factorisation of 10 = 2 5 so

 $10! = 2^8 \quad 3^4 \quad 5^2 \quad 7:$

We can see that 10 is the smallest number n for which 100 divides n!. So let's add:

last two digits of <i>n</i> !	п
1	1
2	2
6	3
24	4
20	5
20	6
40	7
20	8
80	9

summing the left hand column gives 13.

For 3 digits, we do the same thing, but nd the smallest n