## eJournal of Tax Research

Volume 9, Number 2

December 2011

## Editorial

It is a privilege to have been invited back by **the**TR to pen this editorial for its December 2011 issue. This might be **diesect** as an "indirect tax" issue of the TR because all the articles are about aspects of indirect tax.

The first article, by Vincent Mangionijs about land tax and the challenge of maintaining transparency in the context land valuation. Mangioni attempts to measure the transparency aspects of the land developm

measures. The second article looks furtherloafile aking authored work of Saira Ahmed, Vaqar rAbed and Ca assesses contentious taxation reforms beingidteness the tax base and rationalize the rate structure of difference some direct agricultural taxes as more attractive for collection and revenue adequacy. The clar makes increase in revenue collection which, time authors' sector spending. Bearing in mind (ex) TRreaders know plucking of feathers with limited hissing

<sup>1</sup>, the authors advocate an incremental approach to tax reform with a gradual increase in the tax net.

The article on VAT in Pakistan brings this issue of the R neatly to a series of invited artic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The quote "The art of taxation consists in so **know**; the goose as to obtain the largest possible amount of feathers with the smallest possible **commt** of hissing." is attributed to the <sup>th</sup> Century French statesman (Minister of Finacne to Louis XIV) Jeap **Est** Colbert. But this writer has never been able to accurately track down its source.

caused by the introduction of the vil Dispute Resolution Act 2011 (Ctas well as changes to the Federal Court Rules.

Readers will find these excellent articles useful as a source of information and stimulus in your own research.

Professor Michael Walpole School of Taxation and Business Law University of New South Wales

December 2011