Drug-Related	Hospitalisations	in Australia	. 2002-2022	- SA
--------------	------------------	--------------	-------------	------

There were 3,758 hospitalisations with a drug-related principal diagnosis in <u>South Australia</u> in 2021-22, equivalent to 0.46% of all hospitalisations in South Australia.

This is equivalent to 225 hospitalisations per 100,000 people, which was 24% lower than the 2020-21 rate (295 hospitalisations per 100,000 people) (Table A21,

Drug-Related Hospitalisations in Australia, 2002-2022 - SA

All drugs	225 (217, 232)	295 (286, 303)	-24 (-27, -20)
Amphetamine-type stimulants	54 (50, 58)	79 (75, 83)	-31 (-37, -25)
Non-opioid analgesics	44 (41, 48)	47 (43, 50)	-4.8 (-14.1, 5.5)
Methamphetamine	43 (40, 46)	63 (59, 67)	-31 (-38, -25)
Antiepileptic, sedative-hypnotic and antiparkinsonism drugs			

Drug-Related Hospitalisations in Australia, 2002-2022 - SA